## Indonesia



# Indonesia





1500s - Dutch trade with Indonesians ("East Indies")

1600s - Dutch rule begins ("high colonialism")

1942 - Japanese Occupation - during WWII





Three days after Japanese surrender to Allies...

17 August 1945 – Indonesia declares Independence

Soekarno (Sukarno)

Becomes 1st PRESIDENT - 18 August 1945

Establishes the Republic of Indonesia and sets up a provisional government







Late 1945 – Dutch try to reestablish sovereignty

1948 - Dutch paratroopers land in Yogyakarta

 Indonesian Communist party (PKI) tries to assume power

Throughout 1950s – Dutch and Indonesia trade power

Also a growing communist party in Indonesia – "PKI"



30 September 1965 - an abortive coup occurs - 6 generals killed

conflicting versions of the attempted coup

(PKI, or Soekarno, or Maj. Gen. Soeharto, or U.S., or etc. etc.)

12 March 1967 - Soekarno is deposed from his Presidential post





Soeharto (Suharto) – a Major General in the Army

Appointed 2<sup>nd</sup> PRESIDENT - March 1967







Soeharto goes on to rule for next 30 years

# Indonesian History

Mid 1990s – growing unease among the Indonesian people regarding Soeharto's government.

- He ran unopposed every 5 years
- Claims of nepotism
- Government corruption
- On-going military action in N. Sumatra, E. Timor
- May 1997 Financial Crisis ("Krisis Monitar") hits Indonesia

$$2,000rp = $1 \downarrow 17,000rp = $1 (~13,600rp = $1 4apr18)$$



In late Spring 1998, riots break out in Jakarta (13-15 May) 21 May 1998 – Soeharto resigns...





B. J. Habibie - Soeharto's Vice President

Appointed 3<sup>rd</sup> PRESIDENT – 21 May 1998







Although Habibie's background in science and technology would have benefitted the country and despite his steps to reduce the financial crisis, many people felt he was too "close" to Soeharto and his political policies.



Abdurrahman Wahid ("Gus Dur")

Elected 4th PRESIDENT - Nov 1999

2000 – Parliament votes Wahid out of office







## Diah Permata Megawati Soekarnoputri ("Megawati")

Appointed 5th PRESIDENT – 23 July 2001

Daughter of....









5 July 2004 – Presidential elections were held.

Ended without a clear winner (no majority vote)

Sept 2004 - A runoff election was held for the two candidates with the most votes:

Megawati and General Yudhoyono



## Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono - a retired General

Elected 6th PRESIDENT – 20 October 2004









## President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono ("SBY")

Re-Elected – 8 July 2009





Defeated Megawati and one other candidate

#### Side Note:

In 2010, President Obama and Indonesian President Yudhoyono established the <u>U.S.-Indonesia Comprehensive Partnership</u> to broaden bilateral relations between the United States and Indonesia.

On June 27, 2010, the two Presidents announced a <u>Higher Education</u> Partnership as a key element of the Comprehensive Partnership.

The Higher Education Partnership was focused on increasing the number of Indonesians and Americans studying and researching in one another's country, and on strengthening university partnerships and increasing the quality of education.

U.S. State Department's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs (ECA) worked closely with the Directorate General of Higher Education Indonesia (DIKTI) on a number of education initiatives.

- US-Indonesia Partnership Program (USIPP, 2011-12)
- Fulbright-DIKTI Indonesian Senior Scholar Recharging Program (2012)

#### **Side Note**:

Fulbright-DIKTI Indonesian Senior Scholar Recharging Program (2012)





The Presidential election was held on 9 July 2014.

President Yudhoyono had to end his 10-year tenure in 2014 as Indonesian law prohibits a third term.



Joko Widodo - a former furniture exporter

Elected 7th PRESIDENT – 9 July 2014



"Jokowi" is the recent governor of Jakarta with a charismatic style that drew comparisons to...





the 2008
Barack Obama

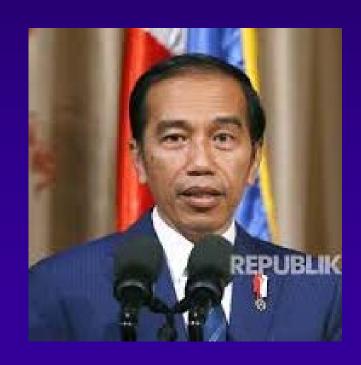






The next Presidential election will be held in 2019.

Currently, political strategists are expecting that Jokowi will win another term..



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