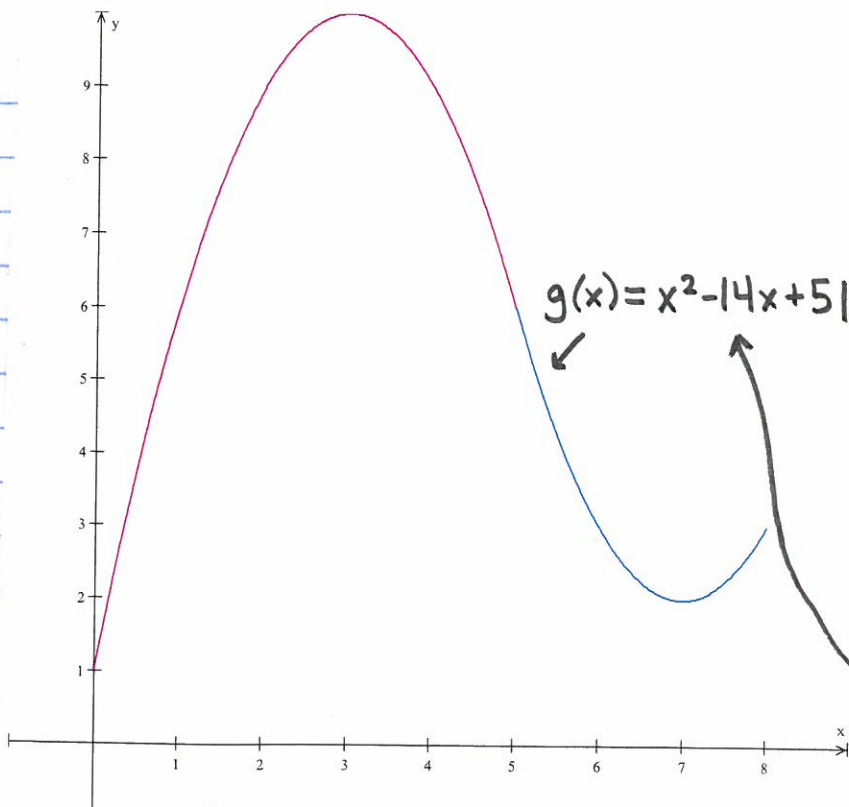
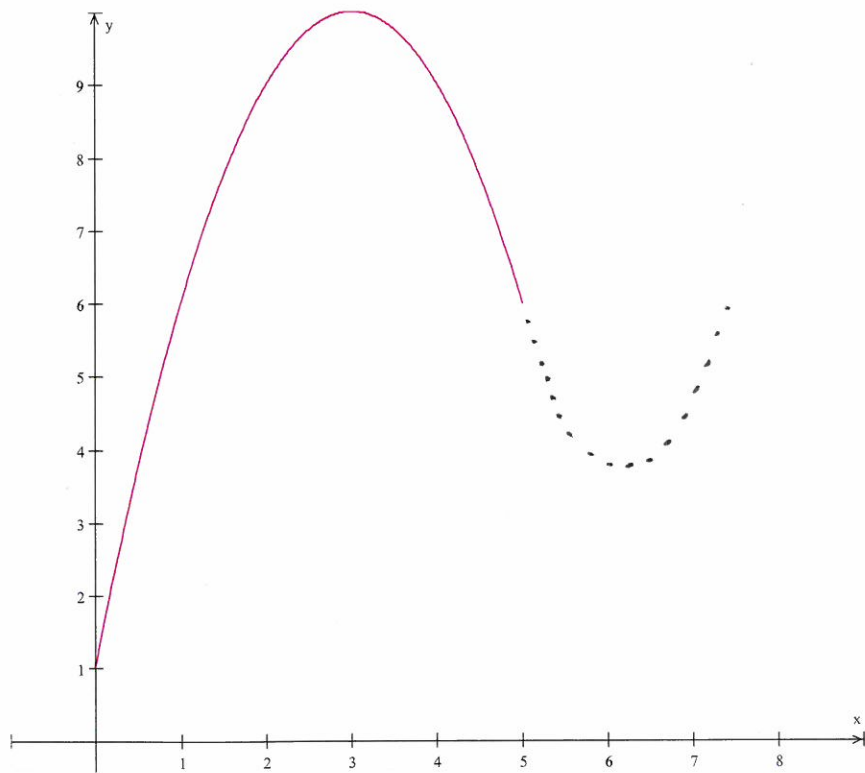


## How to Splice Functions: An Example



The parabola to the left is the graph of  $y = -x^2 + 6x + 1$ , defined for  $0 \leq x \leq 5$ .

I want to splice an upward-opening parabola to it at  $x = 5$  — something like the dotted line.

That means I need its value & derivative to match my value and derivative at  $x = 5$ .

If  $f(x) = -x^2 + 6x + 1$ , then  $f'(x) = -2x + 6$ , so  $f(5) = 6$  and  $f'(5) = -4$

We want some  $g(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$  where  $a > 0$ ,  $g(5) = 6$ , and  $g'(5) = -4$

$$g(5) = 6 \rightarrow a \cdot 5^2 + b \cdot 5 + c = 6$$

$$* 25a + 5b + c = 6$$

$$g'(x) = 2ax + b \text{ so}$$

$$g'(5) = -4 \rightarrow 2a \cdot 5 + b = -4$$

$$* 10a + b = -4$$

So we just need  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  that satisfy the starred equations. Let  $a = 1$ .

$$\begin{cases} \text{Then } 10 + b = -4 \rightarrow b = -14 \text{ \& } \\ 25 - 5(14) + c = 6 \rightarrow c = 51 \end{cases}$$

But what if I have stricter requirements for  $g(x)$ ?  
For example, I may want its vertex to be at  $x=6$  rather than  $x=7$  as in the previous example.

In that case, I want  $-b/2a=6$ .

But I also still need  $25a+5b+c=6$  and  $10a+b=-4$

So I use substitution:  $-b=6 \cdot 2a$

$$b = -12a$$

$$10a + (-12a) = -4 \rightarrow -2a = -4 \rightarrow a = 2$$

$$b = -12(2) = -24$$

$$25(2) + 5(-24) + c = 6 \rightarrow -70 + c = 6 \rightarrow c = 76$$

So  $g(x) = 2x^2 - 24x + 76$  also splices in, as shown below.

